Sires

Kinzinger (IL) Palazzo Kline Knight Palmer Labrador Paulsen LaMalfa Pearce Lamborn Perry Lance Pittenger Pitts Latta Poe (TX) Long Loudermilk Poliquin Love Lucas Posey Price, Tom Luetkemeyer Ratcliffe Lummis MacArthur Reed Marchant Reichert Marino Renacci McCarthy Ribble Rice (SC) McCaul McClintock Rigell McHenry Roby Roe (TN) McKinley McMorris Rogers (AL) Rodgers Rogers (KY) McSallv Rokita Meehan Rooney (FL) Messer Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Mica Miller (MI) Ross Moolenaar Rouzer Mooney (WV) Rovce Mullin Russell Rvan (WI) Mulvanev Murphy (PA) Salmon Neugebauer Scalise Schweikert Newhouse Scott, Austin Noem Nugent Sessions Nunes

Pompeo

Shuster Simpson Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Stefanik Stewart Stivers Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tiberi Tipton Trott Turner Upton Valadao Wagner Walberg Walden Walker Walorski Walters, Mimi Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Westerman Westmoreland Whitfield Williams Wilson (SC) Wittman

Womack

Woodall

Young (AK)

Young (IA)

Young (IN)

Yoder

Zeldin

Zinke

Shimkus

NOES-213 Adams Doggett Aguilar Doyle, Michael Amash Duckworth Ashford Bass Edwards Beatty Ellison Becerra Engel Bera Eshoo Estv Bever Bishop (GA) Blumenauer Fattah Bonamici Fleming Boyle, Brendan Frankel (FL) F Brady (PA) Fudge Brooks (AL) Gabbard Brown (FL) Gallego Garamendi Brownley (CA) Gibson Buck Gohmert Bustos Butterfield Graham Graves (LA) Capps Capuano Cárdenas Graves (MO) Grayson Carney Carson (IN) Green, Al Green, Gene Cartwright Grijalva Castor (FL) Gutiérrez Castro (TX) Hahn Hastings Chu, Judy Cicilline Heck (WA) Clark (MA) Hice, Jody B. Clarke (NY) Higgins Clawson (FL) Himes Hinojosa Clay Cleaver Honda Clyburn Hover Huelskamp Cohen Connolly Huffman Convers Israel Jackson Lee Cooper Jeffries Costa Johnson (GA) Courtney Johnson, E. B. Crowley Cuellar Jones Jordan Cummings Davis (CA) Joyce Davis, Danny Kaptur DeFazio Keating DeGette Kelly (IL) Delaney Kennedy DeLauro Kildee

DelBene

DeSantis

DeSaulnier

DesJarlais

Deutch

Dingell

Kilmer

Kuster

Langevin

Kirkpatrick

Larsen (WA)

Kind

Larson (CT) Lawrence Lee Levin Lewis Lieu, Ted Lipinski LoBiondo Loebsack Lowenthal Lowey Lujan Grisham (NM) Luján, Ben Ray (NM) Lynch Maloney Carolyn Maloney, Sean Massie Matsui McCollum McDermott McGovern McNerney Meadows Meeks Meng Miller (FL) Moore Moulton Murphy (FL) Nadler Napolitano Neal Nolan Norcross O'Rourke Pallone Pascrell Payne Pelosi Perlmutter Peters Peterson Pingree Pocan Polis Price (NC) Quigley Rangel Rice (NY) Richmond Rohrabacher Rothfus Roybal-Allard Ruiz Ruppersberger

Ryan (OH) Sánchez, Linda Sanchez, Loretta Sanford Sarbanes Schakowsky Schiff Schrader Scott (VA) Scott, David Sensenbrenner Serrano Sewell (AL) Sinema

Slaughter Smith (WA) Speier Stutzman Swalwell (CA) Takai Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Titus Tonko Torres Tsongas Van Hollen Vargas

Vela Velázquez Visclosky Walz Wasserman Schultz Waters, Maxine Watson Coleman Welch Wenstrun Wilson (FL) Yarmuth Yoho

Veasev

NOT VOTING-3

Culberson

Sherman

□ 1848

Lofgren

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama changed his vote from "no" to "aye."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. SHERMAN. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 423, had I been present, I would have voted "no."

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED APPROPRIATIONS AGENCIES ACT, 2016

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CALVERT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on H.R. 2822.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 333 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill. H.R. 2822.

Will the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. HULTGREN) kindly take the chair.

□ 1855

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2822) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior, environment, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, and for other purposes, with Mr. HULTGREN (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, an amendment offered by the gentleman from Nevada (Mr. HARDY) had been disposed of, and the bill had been read through page 132, line 24.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. ELLISON Mr. ELLISON. Mr. Chairman, I have

an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. . None of the funds made available

in this Act may be used to enter into a contract with any person whose disclosures of a proceeding with a disposition listed in section 2313(c)(1) of title 41, United States Code, in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System include the term "Fair Labor Standards Act" and such disposition is listed as "willful" or "repeated".

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 333, the gentleman from Minnesota and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Minnesota.

Mr. ELLISON. Mr. Chairman, before I discuss my amendment, which is to prevent wage theft from violators who commit acts that are repeated and willful and to stop such actors from partaking of Federal procurement in this bill, I would like to set the table just a little bit.

In 1980, Mr. Chair, CEO-to-worker pay ratio for Fortune 500 companies was 20 to 1. Today it is 204 to 1, according to Bloomberg. At the same time, the buying power of the minimum wage is now less than it was in the 1960s.

The Economic Policy Institute found that, in total, the average low-wage worker loses a stunning \$2,634 per year in unpaid wages, representing about 15 percent of their earned income. It is particularly egregious in the fast-food sector. A recent study by Hart Research of fast-food workers found that about 89 percent reported some form of wage theft.

Lastly, in this case, I would like to point out, Mr. Chair, that the recent report by the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the U.S. Senate revealed that 32 percent of the largest Department of Labor penalties for wage theft were levied against Federal contractors.

As I bring this amendment before the body today, Mr. Chairman, it is simply to recognize that the hard work and the work that workers do who work for Federal contractors must be recognized. We are not debating today over increasing or decreasing the minimum wage. We are just saying the people who work hard ought to get the money that they earned.

I would hope that everyone in this body would be willing to say wage theft is not okay. No hard-working American should ever have to worry that her employer will refuse to pay her when she works overtime or take money out of her paycheck, especially if she works for a Federal contractor.